#### COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO CALIFORNIA SPECIAL DISTRICTS

**REPORT ON AUDIT** 

COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino Flood Control District (the District), a component unit of the County of San Bernardino, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Bernardino Flood Control District as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

The budgetary comparison information on page 35 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The County of San Bernardino Flood Control District has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rogers, Anderson, Molody & firth, LLP September 26, 2007

## County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities Flood Control
	Flood Control
ASSETS	
Current assets:	\$ 70,655,698
Cash and cash equivalents	3,165,256
Cash with fiscal agent	113,711
Restricted cash	585,482
Interest receivable	3,102,677
Taxes receivable	9,500,000
Other receivable	2,084,889
Due from other governments	89,207,713
Total current assets	00,207,710
Noncurrent assets:	
Accounts receivable	3,272,102
Capital assets:	
Land	1,317,751
Buildings	759,462
Construction in progress	81,498,940
Channels, drains, dams, basins	339,514,872
Equipment and vehicles	12,250,510
Less accumulated depreciation	(185,376,154)
Deferred charges	2,004,744
Total noncurrent assets	255,242,227
Total assets	<u>344,449,940</u>

#### County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities	
	Flood Control	
Current liabilities:    Accounts payable    Salaries and benefits payable    Retention payable    Interest payable    Due to other governments    Deferred revenue    Employee compensated absences - current portion    Lease payable - current portion    Loans payable - current portion    Customer deposits    Total current liabilities	\$ 3,316,622 873,280 2,744,876 391,003 1,956,003 9,450 390,999 34,204 681,315 136,420 10,534,172	
Noncurrent liabilities: Employee compensated absences Loans payable Bonds payable Premium on judgment obligation bond Premium on refunding bond Total noncurrent liabilities	1,172,998 7,909,472 127,200,000 423,486 1,385,168 138,091,124	
Total liabilities	140,023,290	
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted assets Unrestricted	219,500,134 113,711 (23,789,201)	
Total net assets	\$ 195,824,644	

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## County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities Flood Control
EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Depreciation Interest Total program expenses	\$ 14,161,225 23,851,383 9,266,264 9,518,827 56,797,699
PROGRAM REVENUES Operating grants and contributions Net program expense	20,217,374 (36,580,325)
GENERAL REVENUES Property taxes Other taxes Interest Rents, concessions and royalties Other revenues Intergovernmental Gain on sale of capital assets Total general revenues	32,801,072 3,053,912 4,143,634 2,903,461 17,221,101 367,743 1,358,982 61,849,905
Change in net assets	25,269,580 170,555,064
Net assets - beginning  Net assets - ending	\$ 195,824,644

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#### County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2007

	Flood Control
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent Restricted cash Customer deposits Interest receivable Taxes receivable Other receivable Due from other governments	\$ 68,320,811 3,165,256 113,711 60,000 559,402 3,102,677 9,500,000 1,957,507
Total assets	\$ 86,779,364_
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Retention payable Due to other governments Deferred revenue Customer deposits  Total liabilities	\$ 3,316,622 872,334 2,744,876 1,955,296 9,450 196,420 9,094,998
Fund balance: Reserved for: Encumbrances Unreserved: Undesignated	6,196,234 71,488,132
Total fund balance	77,684,366
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 86,779,364

# County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2007

Fund Balance	\$	77,684,366
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Internal Service Fund's working capital is combined into the governmen wide statement of net assets for reporting purposes.	t-	2,486,696
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	es	249,965,381
Long-term receivables related to capital assets are not receivable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental fund's balance sheet.	ne ce	3,272,102
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period ar therefore are not reported in the funds.	nd	
Bonds payable Loans payable Capital lease payable Less: deferred charges Plus: premium on debt Accrued interest payable Long-term compensated absences payable  \$ (127,200,000 (8,590,787) (34,204) (34,204) (1,808,654) (1,808,654) (391,003) (1,563,997)	r) }) ∤ }) 3)	(137,583,901)
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 195,824,644

# County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Flo	ood Control
REVENUES		
Property taxes	\$	32,801,072
Other taxes		3,053,912
Governmental aid		20,172,074
Rents, concessions and royalties		2,903,461
Interest		4,030,441
Other revenues		10,881,990
Other revenues		70.040.050
Total revenues	<u></u>	73,842,950
EXPENDITURES		4 4 4 9 7 0 4 9
Salaries and benefits		14,137,018
Services and supplies		56,557,793
Debt service:		
Principal		26,655,021
Interest		9,127,824
Bond issuance costs		1,550,667
Capital outlay:		9,523
Equipment		
Structures and improvements		105,975
Total expenditures	***************************************	108,143,821
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u></u>	(34,300,871)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Judgment obligation bonds issued		103,780,000
Refunding bond issued		23,845,000
Loan issued		9,552,977
Premium on judgment obligation bond		423,486
Premium on refunding bond		1,385,168
Discount on judgment obligation bond		(454,077)
Transfers in from County		367,743
Sale of capital assets		1,358,982
Total other financing sources (uses)		140,259,279
SPECIAL ITEM		(102,000,000)
Litigation settlement		(102,000,000)
Net change in fund balance		3,958,408
Fund balance - beginning		73,725,958
Fund balance - ending	\$	77,684,366
Lana salama	*******	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$	3,958,408
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Internal Service Fund's net change in fund balance is "rolled into" the governmental funds' fund balance for reporting purposes in the government-wide statements of activities. This is the amount by which the internal service fund's net assets decreased.	<b>}</b>	235,990
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated ove their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$36,105,319) exceeds depreciation expense (\$6,288,061) in the current period.	r 3	29,817,258
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources t governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-terr debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds Neither transaction, however, has an effect on net assets.	n	
Proceeds of debt  Deferred charges  Premium on debt  Payment of litigation settlement  Principal payments on bonds  Principal payments on capital lease  \$ (137,177,977)  2,004,744  (1,808,654)  102,000,000  425,000  26,188,021		(8,326,866)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported a expenditures in governmental funds.  Increase in compensated absences payable \$ (24,207) Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities (391,003)	as	(415,210)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$	25,269,580

### County of San Bernardino Flood Control District **Statement of Net Assets** Proprietary Fund June 30, 2007

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND Equipment Rental
ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Interest receivable Due from other funds	\$ 2,334,887 26,080 176,964
Total current assets	2,537,931
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Vehicles Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	11,988,672 37,334 (7,111,149)
Total noncurrent assets	4,914,857
Total assets	7,452,788
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to other governments	946 49,582 707
Total liabilities	51,235
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	4,914,857 2,486,696
Total net assets	\$ 7,401,553

#### **County of San Bernardino** Flood Control District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and **Changes in Net Assets** Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
	Equipment Rental
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services Government aid and grants	\$ 5,486,073 45,300
Total operating revenues	5,531,373
OPERATING EXPENSES Services and supplies Depreciation	3,283,411 2,978,203
Total operating expenses	6,261,614
Operating loss	(730,241)
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets	113,193 853,038
Total nonoperating revenues	966,231
Change in net assets	235,990
Net assets - beginning	7,165,563
Net assets - ending	\$ 7,401,553

### County of San Bernardino Flood Control District **Statement of Cash Flows** Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	SEF	NTERNAL RVICE FUND
	<u>Equi</u>	pment Rental
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from interfund services provided  Payments to suppliers	\$	5,490,794 (3,322,516)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,168,278
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of capital assets  Payment on capital lease		(2,629,563) (2,836)
Net cash (used for) capital financing activities		(2,632,399)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment earnings Proceeds from sale of capital assets	**************************************	103,346 936,118
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,039,464
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		575,343
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year		1,759,544
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$	2,334,887
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:  Operating loss  Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by	\$	(730,241)
operating activities: Depreciation expense		2,978,203
Change in assets and liabilities: Increase in due from other funds Decrease in due from other governments Decrease in accrued liabilities Decrease in due to other governments	<b>LUMANUS</b>	(52,353) 11,774 (22,766) (16,339)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,168,278

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

The County Flood Control District (District) is a special district located within the County of San Bernardino. The District has governmental powers as established by the San Bernardino County Government Charter (County). The County was established in 1852 as a legal subdivision of the State of California.

The District was established under Chapter 73 of the 1939 Statutes for the State of California. The District's powers are exercised through the Board of Supervisors (Board), which is the governing body for the County. The District maintains and constructs flood control channels, basins, storm drains and dams in six geographical zones within San Bernardino County. The District also works with the neighboring counties of Los Angeles, Riverside and Orange to maintain flood control systems and clean up after disasters.

The governmental reporting entity consists of the six flood control zones, administration, the internal service fund (equipment rental) and their related groups of funds. The District is a component unit of the County. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the County's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

The accompanying financial statements reflect only the accounts of the District and are not intended to present the financial position of the County taken as a whole.

The District's six zones, administration and the internal service fund have combined resources within the County to form an integrated flood drainage and water conservation system in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the County. The six flood control zones are as follows:

Zone	Geographical Areas (Description)
1	The westerly portion of the San Bernardino Valley extending from Beech Avenue in the Fontana area to the Los Angeles County line, all south of the San Gabriel mountain range divide. This embraces the cities or communities of Upland, Montclair, Ontario, Chino, Alta Loma, Rancho Cucamonga, Etiwanda and Guasti. (277 square miles).
2	The central areas of the San Bernardino Valley east of Zone 1 to approximately the Santa Ana River and City Creek demarcations. This includes the cities of Fontana, Rialto, San Bernardino, Colton and Grand Terrace, together with the communities of Devore, Muscoy, Del Rosa, and Bloomington. (315 square miles).
3	The east end of the San Bernardino Valley east from Zone 2 including the cities and communities of Redlands, Highland, East Highland, Mentone, Yucaipa and Loma Linda. (393 square miles).

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Reporting Entity - Continued

Zone	Geographical Areas (Description)
4	The Mojave River Valley from the San Bernardino mountains to Silver Lake including the cities and communities of Barstow, Hesperia, Apple Valley, Victorville, Oro Grande, Helendale, Hodge, Hinkley, Yermo and Daggett. (1,129 square miles).
5	The mountainous watershed of the Mojave River on the crest and north slopes of the San Bernardino mountains including the communities of Crestline, Lake Gregory, Lake Arrowhead, Running Springs and Green Valley Lake. (175 square miles).
6	The remainder of the County not embraced by other zones including portions of the San Gabriel and San Bernardino mountains and the semi-desert portion of the County. This embraces the cities and communities of Needles, Trona, Adelanto, Phelan, Lucerne Valley, Amboy and the Twenty-nine Palms-Morongo Valley districts. (17,900 square miles).

The District also has three Local Area Drainage Plans (LADP) and the National Pollution Discharge Elimination System Program (NPDES), which are reported with the Zones.

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Balance Sheet and the Statement. of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the reporting entity. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### Measurement focus basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers property tax revenues and interest to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. However, for revenue derived from voluntary non-exchange transactions, such as taxes and federal and state grants, the County expanded its definition of "available" to nine months.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The special revenue funds used in Zones 1-6, LADP and NPDES are the government's primary operating funds. The funds account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to these same limitations. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation - Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenue of the Flood Control District is charges to customers for equipment rental. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund include the cost of salaries and benefits, services and supplies, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *internal service fund* labeled "Equipment Rental" accounts for the activities of renting the vehicles and equipment to the six zones in Flood Control and the County Department of Transportation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash and cash equivalents include the cash balances of substantially all funds, which are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer to increase interest earnings through investment activities.

Investment activities are governed by the California Government Code Sections 53601, 53635, and 53638 and the County's Investment Policy. Authorized investments include U. S. Government Treasury and Agency securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, medium term notes, mutual funds, repurchase agreements, and reverse repurchase agreements.

Interest income, and realized gains and losses earned on pooled investments are deposited quarterly to the District's accounts based upon the District's average daily deposit balances during the quarter. Unrealized gains and losses of the pooled investments are distributed to the District annually. Cash and cash equivalents are shown at fair value as of June 30, 2007.

#### Receivables

All accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance from uncollectibles when applicable. There are no accounts receivable as of June 30, 2007.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Property taxes

Secured property taxes are levied in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent with penalties on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is January 1 of each year. Unsecured property taxes are due on the March 1 lien date and become delinquent with penalties on August 31.

#### Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. dams, channels, drainage systems), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (for improvements to land, structures and equipment and vehicles) and have an estimated useful life in excess of one (1) year. Structures with an initial cost of \$100,000 are considered capital assets. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method or the productive hours method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Useful Lives
Basins, storm drains, channels, dams Vehicles, governmental funds Equipment, governmental funds Buildings, structures	50 to 99 years 6 years 6 to 15 years 45 years
Internal Service Fund (Proprietary) Equipment and vehicles	productive hours

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### **Employee compensated absences**

Accumulated vacation, holiday benefits, sick pay and compensatory time are recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits are earned. Compensated absences liability are recorded as a noncurrent liability. In the event of retirement or termination, an employee is paid 100% of accumulated vacation pay, and those with ten or more years of continuous services are paid 30% to 50% of their accumulated sick leave.

Compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

Beginning Balance			Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance	
\$	1,539,790	_\$_	898,459	\$	874,252	\$	1,563,997	

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of the differences of \$29,817,258 are as follows:

Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 36,105,319 (6,288,061)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 29,817,258

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### Stewardship, compliance and accountability

#### A. Budgetary information

In accordance with provisions of Section 29000 - 29143 of the Government code of the State of California, commonly know as the County Budget Act, the District prepares and adopts a budget on or before August 30 for each fiscal year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The legal level of budgetary control is the object level and the sub-object level for capital assets within each fund.

Amendments or transfers of appropriations between funds or departments must be approved by the Board. Transfers at the sub-object level or cost center level may be done at the discretion of the District's Administration Department head. Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

#### B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

#### **NOTE 2 - RESTRICTED CASH**

Restricted cash consists of deposits received by the District from the Bureau of Reclamation for the Etiwanda / San Sevaine construction project that, per the loan agreement, are restricted for this project.

#### **NOTE 3 - LOANS RECEIVABLE**

Loans Receivable consists of a repayment agreement between Flood Control and the City of Rancho Cucamonga Redevelopment Agency regarding the Bureau of Reclamation Day Creek Loan. (See Note 7).

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The cost of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, dams, channels, storm drains, vehicles and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of County Flood Control as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives. For the Internal Service Fund (ICA), capital assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. During the year of acquisition the capital assets are capitalized in the Internal Service Fund and are depreciated over their productive hours estimated life. Depreciation expense is recorded annually in the Internal Service Fund. Capital assets for the governmental type activities are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Additions Deletions	
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 153,582 51,098,077	\$ 1,164,169 33,173,741	\$ - (2,772,878)	\$ 1,317,751 81,498,940
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	51,251,659	34,337,910	(2,772,878)	82,816,691
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Channels, drains, dams, basins Equipment and vehicles Total capital assets, being depreciated	653,487 335,090,083 243,408 335,986,978	105,975 4,424,789 9,523 4,540,287	- (28,427) (28,427)	759,462 339,514,872 224,504 340,498,838
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Channels, drains, dams, basins Equipment and vehicles Total accumulated depreciation	(302,647) (171,561,437) (141,287) (172,005,371)	(17,588) (6,231,723) (38,750) (6,288,061)	- 28,427 28,427	(320,235) (177,793,160) (151,610) (178,265,005)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	163,981,607	(1,747,774)		162,233,833
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 215,233,266	\$ 32,590,136	\$ (2,772,878)	\$ 245,050,524

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Internal Service Fund Capital assets, being depreciated: Vehicles Equipment	\$ 11,171,639 37,334	\$ 2,629,563	\$ (1,812,530)	\$ 11,988,672 37,334
Total capital assets, being depreciated	11,208,973	2,629,563	(1,812,530)	12,026,006
Less accumulated depreciation for: Vehicles Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(5,862,396) - (5,862,396)	(2,978,203)	1,729,450 - 1,729,450	(7,111,149) - (7,111,149)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	5,346,577	(348,640)	(83,080)	4,914,857
Total	\$ 220,579,843	\$ 32,241,496	\$ (2,855,958)	\$ 249,965,381

At June 30, 2007 the District had \$81,498,940 in construction in progress for the following projects:

#### **CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS**

Zone	Description	 Total CIP By Project	Tot	als By Zone
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	West State Street Drain English Canyon West Fontana Channel Sultana/Cypress Storm Drain (phase 2) Sultana Interceptor (phase 2) 24 <sup>th</sup> Street Storm Drain San Sevaine System SPPL Relocation San Sevaine Channel IIID - Jurupa to Valley Etiwanda Levees San Sevaine RCB at Foothill Victoria Basin Etiwanda Creek - Design & Construction Cucamonga Storm Drain Cucamonga Basin #6	\$ 13,820,533 164,830 633,792 806,304 204,692 1,502 220,337 1,599,987 17,585,464 22,721,956 84,383 19,130 7,323,679 27 28,498	\$	65,215,114

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued**

#### **CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS**

Zone	Description	*********	Total CIP By Project	Tota	als By Zone
2	Cactus Basin #1 to Bloomington	\$	448,352		
2	Rialto Channel Phase 2	•	161,738		
2	Rialto Channel Phase 3		4,529		
2	Randall Basin		170,728	·	
2	Rialto Channel		3,553		
2	Del Rosa Channel		140,794		
2 2 2	Del Rosa Channel I		319		
2	Cactus Basin #3		609,325		
2	Cactus Basin #4		51,351		
2	Cactus Basin #5		46,400		
2	Rialto Channel (Ultimate Channel Design)		1,458,953		
2 2	West Fontana Channel		51,775		
2	Waterman Creek Bank Repair		290,343		
2	East Rialto Storm Drain		4,260		
2	Lytle Cajon Channel		128,721		
2	Sand Creek/Warm Creek		171,782	\$	3,742,923
2	Elder Creek Channel		84,528	*	•,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
ა ვ	Wilson 2 Basins		130		
3 3 3	San Timoteo Channel		2,688,837		
3	San Timoteo Channel, Phase 3B		6,900,998		9,674,493
3 4	Oro Grande Wash Detention Basin		7,307		-,,
	Mojave River at I-15		1,815,755		
4	Hesperia Detention Basin		69,720		
4			29,009		
4 4	Hesperia MPD Desert Knolls Wash		415,666		
4	Desert Knolls Wash I		157		
	Desert Knolls Wash II		66,341		
4	Mojave River Channel		87,753		
4	Mojave River Levee Phase 2		129,745		
4	Antelope Creek Wash		73,630		
4	Choiceana Outlet @ Mojave River		9,992		
4	Hesperia Basin		722		
4			1,178		
4	Adelanto Line E-01		12,491		
4	Kitchen Wash		111,879		2,831,345
4	Kitchen Wash		122		,,
5	Rim Forest Drainage		2,319		2,441
5	Cumberland Drain		32,177		,
6	Donnell Basin		447		32,624
6	Sheep Creek			-\$	81,498,940
	Totals Zones 1-6, LADP, NPDES	=	\$ 81,498,940	= <del>Ψ</del>	01,700,070

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued**

The District has active major construction projects as of June 30, 2007. The projects are financed by government aid and property taxes and include new construction and renovations of dams, channels, basins and storm drains. At year-end the government's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Job Number	Project	emaining mmitment
F01566	Sultana/Cypress Storm Drain	\$ 1,987
F01087	West State Street Storm Drain	87,410
F02105	San Antonio Storm Drain	218,897
F01577	County Line Channel (Storm Drain)	385,772
F01312	English Canyon	586,727
F01502	Etiwanda Levees	2,022,729
F01363	SS Channel IIID-Jurupa to Valley	1,474,442
F01744	Etiwanda Creek-Design & Construction	71,596
F01333	San Sevaine System	97,642
F01666	Cactus Basin #3	5,415
F01669	Rialto Channel	149,572
F01272	Cactus Basin #1 to Bloomington	119,120
F01760	Adelanto Line E-01	350,000
F01152	San Timoteo Channel	16,454
F01510	San Timoteo Channel, Phase 3B	7,082
F01582	Desert Knolls Wash	572
F01389	Mojave River	 78,341
,	Total	\$ 5,673,758

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

County Flood Control is leasing computer equipment, which is recorded in the Governmental funds, and six pick-up trucks, which is recorded in the Equipment fund. The District will acquire all rights and titles to the equipment and vehicles after the final lease payments are made.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2007:

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities			
2008	\$\$	37,339		
Total minimum payments		37,339		
Less: amount representing interest		(3,135)_		
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	34,204		

#### **NOTE 6 - DEFERRED REVENUE**

Deferred revenue represents amounts for the Etiwanda / San Sevaine project held in outside bank accounts where revenue recognition has not yet occurred. Deferred revenue is \$9,450 at June 30, 2007.

#### **NOTE 7 - LOANS PAYABLE**

Loans payable consist of loans from the United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation for \$2,590,787 for the Day Creek Project and the United States Army Corps of Engineers for \$6,000,000 for a grand total of \$8,590,787.

Flood Control entered into a contract with the Bureau of Reclamation, for construction of the Day Creek Project. A subsequent agreement between Flood Control and the City of Rancho Cucamonga Redevelopment Agency (Agency) provides the terms and conditions for repayment of the Bureau of Reclamation loan. Payments are reflected in Zone 1 as cash contributions (from the Agency) and debt service-principal (to Bureau of Reclamation). This agreement is to be in force approximately 24 years or until the project is complete and the federal loan is repaid. Payments commenced in 1992 and the remaining balance of the loan as of June 30, 2007, is \$2,590,787.

Flood Control entered into a loan agreement with the United States Army Corps of Engineers for the San Timoteo Creek Project. The County has agreed to pay back the loan and accrued interest upon completion of the project. (Interest is to be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury upon completion of the project). This project was not completed as of June 30, 2007. The unpaid loan balance at June 30, 2007 was \$6,000,000.

The following is a schedule by year of future loan repayments as of June 30, 2007:

Years Ending June 30,	Rec	Bureau of lamation Day eek Project	Eı	ny Corps of ngineering an Timoteo	<del></del>	Total
2008	\$	681,315	\$	WAV	\$	681,315
2009	•	681,315		Web.		681,315
2010		681,315		-		681,315
2011		546,842		-		546,842
2012				***		-
2013 - 2017	W-100-1			6,000,000		6,000,000
	\$	2,590,787	\$	6,000,000	\$	8,590,787

#### **NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE**

#### Refunding Bonds

In May 2007, the San Bernardino County Flood Control District issued Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, in the amount of \$23,845,000. Interest on the Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 is paid at a rate from 4.25% to 5.00% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing on February 1, 2008. Principal payments are due annually in various amounts commencing August 1, 2008 through 2021.

The Bonds were issued to refund the obligation of the District under a contract with the County relating to a loan made by and between the United States of America and the County entered into under the Small Reclamation Projects Act of 1956, finance a reserve fund surety bond and pay certain expenses in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

As a result of the advance refunding, the District decreased its overall debt service by approximately \$5,514,000 which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and the new debt) of \$4,241,241.

The following is a schedule of principal debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2007 for the Refunding Bonds:

Years Ending	Refunding Bon		
June 30	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2008	\$ -	\$ 674,482	\$ 674,482
2009	770,000	1,233,507	2,003,507
2010	1,010,000	1,097,850	2,107,850
2011	1,350,000	1,050,650	2,400,650
2012	1,405,000	995,550	2,400,550
2013-2017	8,125,000	3,899,125	12,024,125
2018-2022	11,185,000	1,510,125	12,695,125
Totals	\$ 23,845,000	\$ 10,461,289	\$ 34,306,289

#### Judgment Obligation Bonds

In May 2007, the San Bernardino County Flood Control District issued Judgment Obligations Bonds, Series A in the amount of \$58,780,000 and Series B in the amount of \$45,000,000. The Series A Bonds were initially issued as auction rate securities on May 29, 2007, with an initial interest rate of 5.35% for the Initial Period, of one day. Pursuant to the Indenture of Trust all of the Series A Bonds were converted to bear interest at Fixed Interest Rates on the Established Fixed Rate Conversion Date (May 30, 2007) and were reoffered. In connection with the conversion of the Series A Bonds on the established fixed rate conversion date, \$425,000 principal amount of the Series A Bonds was paid, leaving a balance outstanding of \$58,355,000.

#### **NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE - Continued**

Interest on the Series A Bonds is paid at a rate from 4.50% to 5.00% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing on February 1, 2008. Principal payments are due annually in various amounts commencing August 1, 2008 through 2029.

The Series B Bonds were issued as auction rate bonds with an initial interest rate of 3.65%, with an initial payment date of June 1, 2007. The Series B Bonds have variable interest rates that are reset every seven days by auction. The Bonds have various maturity dates ranging from 2029 to 2037.

The Bonds were issued to pay the obligation of the District under a settlement agreement relating to an inverse condemnation action against the District, finance a reserve fund surety bond and pay certain expenses in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

The following is a schedule of principal debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2007 for the Judgment Obligation Bonds:

Years Ending	Judgment Obl		
June 30,	Series A	Series B	Total
2008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2009	1,205,000	*	1,205,000
2010	1,760,000	-	1,760,000
2011	1,845,000	-	1,845,000
2012	1,940,000	••	1,940,000
2013-2017	11,150,000	-	11,150,000
2018-2022	13,700,000	•	13,700,000
2023-2027	17,010,000	-	17,010,000
2028-2032	9,745,000	11,725,000	21,470,000
2033-2037		27,075,000	27,075,000
2038	**	6,200,000	6,200,000
Total Principal	\$ 58,355,000	\$ 45,000,000	\$ 103,355,000

### NOTE 8 - BONDS PAYABLE - Continued

The following is a schedule of interest expense requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2007 for the Judgment Obligation Bonds:

Years Ending	Judgment Obl		
June 30,	Series A	Series B	<u>Total</u>
2008	\$ 1,796,350 2,656,231	\$ 1,354,828 2,036,111	\$ 3,151,178 4,692,342
2010	2,585,119	2,018,338	4,603,457
2011 2012	2,494,994 2,400,369	2,019,452 2,017,861	4,514,446 4,418,230
2013-2017	10,508,106	10,127,820	20,635,926
2018-2022 2023-2027	7,904,284 4,499,387	10,129,306 10,130,579	18,033,590 14,629,966
2028-2032	623,375	9,434,878	10,058,253
2033-2037 2038	-	4,555,625 139,346	4,555,625 139,346
Total Interest	\$ 35,468,215	\$ 53,964,144	\$ 89,432,359

#### **NOTE 9 - LONG TERM OBLIGATIONS**

A schedule of changes in long-term obligations of the District during fiscal year 2007 follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due in One Year
Governmental Activities Capital Leases	\$ 76,204	\$ -	\$ 42,000	\$ 34,204	\$ 34,204
Compensated Absences	1,539,790	898,459	874,252	1,563,997	390,999
Loan-Bureau of Rec. San Sevaine	15,788,729	9,552,977	25,341,706	-	-
Loan-Bureau of Rec. Day Creek	3,272,102	-	681,315	2,590,787	681,315
Loan - City of Loma Linda - Redevelopment	165,000	w.	165,000	-	-
U.S. Army Corp of Engineers	6,000,000	-	-	6,000,000	-
Series 2007 Refunding Bond	-	23,845,000	-	23,845,000	<b>.</b> .
JOBS Series A & B	-	103,780,000	425,000	103,355,000	~
Issuance Premium	-	1,808,654	-	1,808,654	-
Special item - Litigation Settlement Payable Total	102,000,000 128,841,825	- 139,885,090	102,000,000 129,529,273	139,197,642	1,106,518
Internal Service Fund Capital Leases Total	2,836 2,836		2,836 2,836		
Total Governmental Activities	\$128,844,661	\$139,885,090	\$129,532,109	\$139,197,642	\$ 1,106,518

#### **NOTE 10 - CUSTOMER DEPOSITS**

Customer deposits represent amounts held by the District on behalf of customers that are required to make deposits for various projects that require rights of way and easements and access to water for construction purposes.

#### **NOTE 11 - NET ASSETS**

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. The net asset amounts were as follows:

		rnmental tivities	Sen	nternal vice Fund ctivities	Total Governm Activiti	ental
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt: June 30, 2007 Net structures, construction in progress, dams, channels, drainage systems, equipment and vehicles	\$ 245	5,050,524	\$	4,914,857	\$ 249,965	5,381
Less: Loans payable on infrastructure and capital leases on vehicles and equipment		),465,247) 1,585,277		4,914,857	(30,465 219,500	0,134
Restricted for Etiwanda/San Sevaine project Unrestricted Total Net Assets		113,711 5,275,897) 8,423,091	\$	2,486,696 7,401,553	(23,78) \$ 195,82	

#### **NOTE 12 - RETENTIONS PAYABLE**

The District retains 10% of construction contracts until contracts are completed and approved. Some contracts require that the retention be deposited into an escrow account. For all others, the final 10% payment is not made until the work is completed and approved. At June 30, 2007 the District's Retentions Payable balance was \$2,744,876.

#### **NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT PLAN**

#### **Plan Description**

The San Bernardino County Employees' Retirement Association (SBCERA) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan") operating under the California County Employees Retirement Act of 1937 ("1937 Act"). It provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to members. Although legally established as a single employer plan, the City of Big Bear Lake, the City of Chino Hills, the California State Association of Counties, the San Bernardino County Law Library, Crest Forest Fire Protection District, Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD) and the South Coast Air Quality Management District (the "AQMD"), were later included, along with the County of San Bernardino (the "County"), and are collectively referred to as the "Participating Members." The plan is governed by the San Bernardino Board of Retirement under the 1937 Act. Employees become eligible for membership on their first day of regular employment and become fully vested after 5 years. SBCERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which may be obtained by contacting the Board of Retirement, 348 W Hospitality Lane - 3<sup>rd</sup> floor, San Bernardino, California 92415-0014.

#### **Fiduciary Responsibility**

The Retirement Association is controlled by its own board, the Retirement Board, which acts as a fiduciary agent for the accounting and control of member and employee contributions and investment income. The Retirement Association publishes its own Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and receives a separate independent audit. The Retirement Association is also a legally separate entity from the County and not a component unit. For these reasons, the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report excludes the Retirement Association pension trust fund as of June 30, 2007.

#### **Funding Policy**

Participating members are required by statute (Sections 31621, 31621.2 and 31639.25 of the California Government Code) to contribute a percentage of covered salary based on certain actuarial assumptions and their age at entry to the Plan. Employee contribution rates vary according to age and classification (general or safety). Members are required to contribute 8.97% - 12.84% for general members and 11.14% - 15.09% for safety members, of their annual covered salary of which the County pays approximately 7%. County of San Bernardino employer contribution rates are as follows: County General 12.03%, County Safety 24.84%. All employers combined are required to contribute 14.46% of the current year covered payroll. For 2007, the County's annual pension cost of \$194,130,000 was equal to the County's required and actual contributions. Employee contribution rates are established and may be amended pursuant to Articles 6 and 6.8 of the 1937 Act. Employer rates are determined pursuant to Sections 31453 of the 1937 Act.

#### **NOTE 13 - RETIREMENT PLAN - Continued**

The County's annual pension cost and prepaid asset, computed in accordance with GASB 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, for the year ended June 30, 2007, were as follows (in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution (County fiscal year basis) Interest on Pension Assets Adjustment to the Annual Required Contribution	\$	194,130 (33,738) 44,069
Annual Pension Cost  Annual Contributions Made		204,461 194,130
Increase/(Decrease) in Pension Assets Pension Assets, Beginning of Year		(10,331) 838,933
Pension Assets, End of Year	\$	828,602

The following table shows the County's required contributions and percentage contributed, for the current year and two preceding years:

	Α	nnual Contr in tho			
Year Ended June 30,	SBCERA		County		Percentage Contributed
2005 2006 2007	\$ \$ \$	161,906 197,343 239,857	\$ \$ \$	141,450 166,614 194,130	100% 100% 100%

The County, along with the AQMD, issued Pension Refunding Bonds (the "Bonds") in November 1995 with an aggregate amount of \$420,527,000. These Bonds were issued to allow the County and the AQMD to refinance each of their unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities with respect to retirement benefits for their respective employees. The Bonds are the obligations of the employers participating in the Plan and the assets of the Plan do not secure the Bonds. The County's portion of the bond issuance was \$386,266,000. The current amount outstanding at June 30, 2007 is \$438,668,000.

On June 24, 2004, the County issued its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 A (Fixed Rate Bonds), its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 B (Auction Rate Bonds), and its County of San Bernardino Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 C (Index Bonds) in respective aggregate principal amounts of \$189,070,070, \$149,825,000 and \$125,000,000. The Bonds were issued to finance the County's share of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability of the S.B.C.E.R.A. The current amount outstanding at June 30, 2007 is \$459,930,000.

#### NOTE 14 - PROPOSTION 111 APPROPRIATION LIMITS

Proposition 111, which added Article XIIIB to the State Constitution, established limits on budget appropriations in order to restrict government spending. We have reviewed the proceeds of taxes received by the District during the 2006-2007 fiscal year, and have found the revenue to be within the guidelines established by Proposition 111.

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is insured through the County's self-insurance programs for public liability, property damage, unemployment insurance, employee dental insurance, hospital and medical malpractice liability and workers' compensation claims. Public liability claims are self-insured for up to \$1 million per occurrence. Excess insurance coverage over the Self-Insured Retention (SIR) up to \$25 million is provided through a Risk Pool Agreement with California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority ("EIA") Liability Program II. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured up to \$2 million per occurrence and covered by CSAC EIA for up to \$10 million for employer's liability and up to \$50 million for workers' compensation per occurrence. Property damage claims are insured on an occurrence basis over a \$25,000 deductible, and insured with CSAC EIA Property Program.

The County supplements its self-insurance for medical malpractice claims with CSAC EIA, which provides annual coverage on a claim made form basis with an SIR of \$1 million for each claim. Maximum coverage under the policy is \$11.5 million per claim with an additional \$10 million in limits provided by the CSAC EIA General Liability II Program.

All public officials and County employees are insured under a blanket Comprehensive Disappearance, Destruction, and Dishonesty policy covering County monies and securities, also with CSAC EIA with a \$100,000 deductible, and excess limits up to \$10 million per occurrence.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in the County's Risk Management Fund (an Internal Service Fund) except for unemployment insurance and employee dental insurance, which are accounted for in the County's General Fund. The IBNR and IBNS liabilities stated on the Risk Management Fund's balance sheet are based upon the results of actuarial studies, and include amounts for allocated and unallocated loss adjustment expenses. The liabilities for these claims are reported using a discounted rate of 4.75%. It is the County's practice to obtain actuarial studies on an annual basis.

The County has a risk management investment program agreement with the Bank of New York to finance the self-insured general liability, automobile liability, workers' compensation and medical malpractice programs. The County's investment in the agreement totaled \$50.3 million at June 30, 2007.

The total claims liability of \$129.7 million reported at June 30, 2007 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued**

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal years 2006 and 2007 were:

Fiscal Year	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability Fiscal Year (in thousands)		Cla Ch Es	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates (in thousands)		Claims Payments (in thousands)		End of Fiscal Year Liability (in thousands)	
2005-06	\$	115,714	\$	46,926	\$	(35,407)	\$	127,233	
2006-07	\$	127,233	\$	34,312	\$	(31,862)	\$	129,683	

#### NOTE 16 - TRANSFERS TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

Interfund Transfers To/From transactions are used to reimburse an operating fund, and/or transfer cash between operating funds and capital project funds. When aggregating data for the government wide Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, amounts between Internal Service Funds and Governmental Funds reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements are eliminated. For the year ended June 30, 2007, the District had the following interfund activities:

	Transfers in:									
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Administration	LADP	Total				
Transfers out:										
Zone 1	\$ 3,489,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 602,200	\$ 49,200	\$ 4,140,400				
Zone 2		250,000	482,834	245,400	23,375	1,001,609				
Zone 3	_			266,000	12,070	278,070				
Zone 4	_		•••	166,600	•	166,600				
Zone 5	_	_	<b></b>	13,700	255	13,955				
Zone 6	-		<u></u>	49,500	100	49,600				
	\$ 3,489,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 482,834	\$ 1,343,400	\$ 85,000	\$ 5,650,234				

#### NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The County has been named as a defendant in numerous lawsuits and claims arising in the normal course of operations.

#### **NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS/SPECIAL ITEM**

#### **Litigation Settlement**

On November 28, 2006, the Board of Supervisors for the San Bernardino County Flood Control District (SBCFCD) approved an Agreement for Settlement and Mutual Release (Settlement) with Colonies Partners, L.P. (Colonies) regarding litigation arising out of the construction of a portion of the Interstate 210 Freeway extension and the resulting construction of a storm drain and a basin system. The total Monetary Consideration for this Settlement is \$102,000,000. In exchange, SBCFCD will resolve the litigation as well as receive title to Basins A and B, inclusive of drainage channels and related acreage of approximately 72 acres and other easements and right-of-ways, herein and after referred to as Real Property.

As required by the Settlement, SBCFCD paid Colonies \$22,000,000 on November 29, 2006. The remaining \$80,000,000 was paid on May 29, 2007 with proceeds received from the Judgment Obligation Bonds (see Note 8).

The Settlement did not specifically identify an allocation between the amount for the resolution of the Colonies' damages claims asserted in the litigation and the value of the Real Property. There is continuing litigation between SBCFCD and other parties, which has the potential to affect the ultimate allocation between the amount for the resolution of the litigation and for the Real Property. When the continuing litigation is concluded or the allocation issue is otherwise resolved, the value of the Real Property will be recognized with an appropriate adjustment to fund balance.

# Required Supplementary Information County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Special Revenue Fund							
-		Flood Co	ontrol					
-	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES			e 00 004 072	\$ 745,872				
Property taxes	\$ 32,055,200	\$ 32,055,200	\$ 32,801,072	1,471,112				
Other taxes	1,582,800	1,582,800	3,053,912	(20,876,023)				
Governmental aid	39,994,597	41,048,097	20,172,074	59,361				
Rents, concessions and royalties	2,844,100	2,844,100	2,903,461	2,722,518				
Interest	1,300,700	1,307,923	4,030,441	9,325,456				
Other revenues	1,556,534	1,556,534	10,881,990	(6,551,704)				
Total revenues	79,333,931	80,394,654	73,842,950	(0,331,704)				
EXPENDITURES								
Salaries and benefits	15,405,606	16,705,606	14,137,018	2,568,588				
Salaries and benefits Services and supplies	132,534,743	131,589,748	56,557,793	75,031,955				
	,0=,00 ,,00	, .						
Debt service:	1,731,300	1,936,300	26,655,021	(24,718,721)				
Principal Interest	906,275	1,156,275	9,127,824	(7,971,549)				
Bond issuance costs	w	-	1,550,667	(1,550,667)				
Capital outlay:								
Equipment	120,000	156,200	9,523	146,677				
Vehicles	2,815,000	3,107,400	-	3,107,400				
Structures and improvements	55,000	165,000	105,975	59,025				
Total expenditures	153,567,924	154,816,529	108,143,821	46,672,708				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(74,233,993)	(74,421,875)	(34,300,871)	40,121,004				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Judgment obligation bonds issued	_	_	103,780,000	103,780,000				
Refunding bond issued	<u>.</u>	~	23,845,000	23,845,000				
Loan issued	<u>.</u>	-	9,552,977	9,552,977				
Premium on judgment obligation bond	_	-	423,486	423,486				
Premium on refunding bond	_	-	1,385,168	1,385,168				
Discount on judgment obligation bond	_	-	(454,077)	(454,077)				
Transfers in from County	-	•	367,743	367,743				
Transfers in	9,936,389	9,936,389	5,650,234	(4,286,155)				
Transfers out	(9,924,992)	(10,174,992)	(5,650,234)	4,524,758				
Sale of capital assets	-		1,358,982	1,358,982				
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,397	(238,603)	140,259,279	140,497,882				
ODECIAL ITEM								
SPECIAL ITEM Litigation settlement	-		(102,000,000)	(102,000,000)				
_	0 (T4 000 F00)	¢ (74 660 479)	3,958,408	\$ 78,618,886				
Net change in fund balance	\$ (74,222,596)	\$ (74,660,478)	5,000,400					
Fund balance - beginning			73,725,958					
Fund balance - ending			\$ 77,684,366					

#### County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Combining Balance Sheet Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2007

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Cash with fiscal agent Restricted cash Customer deposits Interest receivable Taxes receivable Other receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments	\$ 24,907,481 3,165,256 113,711 60,000 233,635 1,403,569 9,500,000	\$ 6,235,856 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 4,205,789 50,363 348,745 59,733	\$ 22,725,899 - - - 79,665 451,793 - - 50,000
Total assets	\$ 40,069,872	\$ 6,885,556	\$ 4,664,630	\$ 23,307,357
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Retention payable Due to other funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue Customer deposits  Total liabilities	\$ 3,133,392 318,199 2,744,876 - 202,225 - 66,420 6,465,112	\$ 63,615 181,372 - - 96,006 9,450 130,000	\$ 20,131 107,801 - - 1,151,716 - - 1,279,648	\$ - 111,504 - 21,351 - - 132,855
Fund Balances: Reserved for: Encumbrances Unreserved: Undesignated  Total fund balances	3,732,680 29,872,080 33,604,760	966,703 5,438,410 6,405,113	134,850 3,250,132 3,384,982	479,151 22,695,351 23,174,502
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 40,069,872	\$ 6,885,556	\$ 4,664,630	\$ 23,307,357

	Zone 5	Zone 6	Ad	ministration	LADP		 Total
\$	1,097,258 - - - 12,114 33,719	\$ 2,206,229 - - - 24,513 108,952 - -	\$	1,644,326 - - 21,161 182,381 - 10,091	\$	5,297,973 - - 61,769 - - 627,489	\$ 68,320,811 3,165,256 113,711 60,000 559,402 3,102,677 9,500,000 10,091 1,957,507
\$	300,000 1,443,091	\$ 50,000 2,389,694	\$	184,065 2,042,024	\$	5,987,231	\$ 86,789,455
\$	- 3,929 - - 2,257 - - - 6,186	\$ 21,787 40,487 - - 88,058 - - 150,332	\$	70,626 57,662 - 91 139,145 - - 267,524	\$	7,071 51,380 - 10,000 254,538 - - 322,989	\$ 3,316,622 872,334 2,744,876 10,091 1,955,296 9,450 196,420 9,105,089
	- 1,436,905 1,436,905	 23,452 2,215,910 2,239,362		451,916 1,322,584 1,774,500		407,482 5,256,760 5,664,242	 6,196,234 71,488,132 77,684,366
_\$_	1,443,091	\$ 2,389,694	<u>\$</u>	2,042,024		5,987,231	 \$ 86,789,455

# County of San Bernardino Flood Control District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2007

	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 15,037,389	\$ 6,263,962	\$ 3,489,597	\$ 4,547,318	
Other taxes	1,421,671	631,375	324,569	371,063	
Governmental aid	14,654,023	1,410,998	1,026,300	529,924	
Rents, concessions and					
royalties	1,114,751	1,441,064	227,448	100,840	
Interest	1,653,705	372,264	242,479	1,244,924	
Other revenues	10,293,300	41,780	11,840	19,959	
Total revenues	44,174,839	10,161,443	5,322,233	6,814,028	
EXPENDITURES					
Salaries and benefits	4,385,247	2,681,441	1,754,175	1,211,137	
Services and supplies	45,369,441	3,285,887	2,719,393	1,416,603	
	40,000,441	0,200,001	E,7 70,000	1,110,000	
Debt service:	26,448,021		165,000	_	
Principal		212,854	580,819	_	
Interest	8,331,345	212,654	300,019	_	
Bond issuance costs	1,550,667	-	-	_	
Capital outlay:					
Equipment	-	-	<u>~</u>	u.	
Structures and					
improvements					
Total expenditures	86,084,721	6,180,182	5,219,387	2,627,740	
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(41,909,882)	3,981,261	102,846	4,186,288	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Judgment obligation bonds					
issued	103,780,000	-	-	-	
Refunding bond issued	23,845,000	-	-	-	
Loan issued	9,552,977	100	-	-	
Premium on judgment					
obligation bond debt	423,486	-	-	-	
Premium on refunding bond					
debt	1,385,168	-	-	-	
Discount on judgment					
obligation bond debt	(454,077)	-	-	-	
Transfer from County	-	<u> -</u>	<b></b>	-	
Transfers in	3,489,000	250,000	482,834	-	
Transfers out	(4,140,400)	(1,001,609)	(278,070)	(166,600)	
Sale of capital assets	412,752	520,971	424,959	300	
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	138,293,906	(230,638)	629,723	(166,300)	
SPECIAL ITEM					
Litigation settlement	(102,000,000)	<b>.</b>	••	-	
Lingation dottomore	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Net change in fund balances	(5,615,976)	3,750,623	732,569	4,019,988	
Fund balances - beginning	39,220,736	2,654,490	2,652,413	19,154,514	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 33,604,760	\$ 6,405,113	\$ 3,384,982	\$ 23,174,502	

Zone 5		Zone 6		Administration		LADP		Total	
\$	327,893 28,799 4,595	\$	1,197,611 94,362 6,364	\$	1,937,302 182,073 159,904	\$	- - 2,379,966		32,801,072 3,053,912 20,172,074
	- 61,179 833		19,358 94,243 157,557		76,086 8,304		- 285,561 348,417		2,903,461 4,030,441 10,881,990
P	423,299		1,569,495		2,363,669		3,013,944		73,842,950
	103,200 457,868		514,349 438,867		2,096,478 1,265,773		1,390,991 1,603,961		14,137,018 56,557,793
	. · ·		- -		42,000 2,806		-		26,655,021 9,127,824 1,550,667
	_		w		9,523		-		9,523
					105,975		<del>-</del>		105,975
	561,068		953,216		3,522,555		2,994,952		108,143,821
	(137,769)		616,279		(1,158,886)		18,992		(34,300,871)
	 		- -		-		- - -		103,780,000 23,845,000 9,552,977
	_				<u>.</u>		**		423,486
	-		~		-		-		1,385,168
	- - (13,955)		(49,600)		- - 1,343,400	<u> </u>	367,743 85,000		(454,077) 367,743 5,650,234 (5,650,234) 1,358,982
was a second	(13,955)		(49,600)		1,343,400		452,743		140,259,279
	*		-						(102,000,000)
	(151,724)		566,679		184,514		471,735		3,958,408
	1,588,629		1,672,683		1,589,986		5,192,507		73,725,958
\$	1,436,905	- <del></del>	\$ 2,239,362	= =	\$ 1,774,500		\$ 5,664,242	\$	77,684,366

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